

OUR CHINAMAN
HAVING been REPLIED
TO WITH A LARGE AC-
OUNT OF THE LARGEST EUROPEAN
AND AMERICAN NOVELTIES,
WE ARE REQUESTED TO EXHIBIT
ORDERS FOR FANCY WORK WITH
DECORATION AND DAMPENING, AND AT
VERY MODERATE RATES.

CHINA MAIL OFFICE.

VOL. XLIX. NO. 9769.

一九零六年四月八日

ESTABLISHED FEBRUARY 1840.

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1894.

四月五日午

THE HONGKONG CHINESE MAIL
每日报章
(Hongkong Wa Ta Ya Po)
ISSUED DAILY.
CRUZ US MAN,
Manager and Publisher.
SUBSCRIPTION:
Five Dollars a year, deliverable in Hong
kong. Overseas, \$1 per annum,
including postage.

PRICE, \$2 PER MONTH.

The China Mail.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

Intimations.

NOTICE.

ANY Persons having CLAIMS against
the ESTATE of the late Captain
GEORGE COOKESTRETT VESLEY, 1st
Shropshire, will send them in to me not
later than the 20th INSTANT, after which
date No Claim will be entertained.

W. MACLAUGHLIN, Mayor,
1st Shropshire Lt.,
President of Adjustment,
Hongkong, June 6, 1894.

978

HONGKONG GENERAL CHAMBER
OF COMMERCE.

A SPECIAL General MEETING of the
MEMBERS will be held on SATUR-
DAY, the 9th Instant, at Noon, at the
CITY HALL to nominate a Member of the
Chamber to take the place of the Hon.
T. H. WHITEHEAD, in the Legislative
Council, during his absence from the Colony.

By Order,

F. HENDERSON,
Secretary.

Hongkong, June 2, 1894.

960

BANKS.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE business of the above Bank is con-
ducted by the HONGKONG AND
SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORA-
TION. Rules may be obtained on ap-
pointment.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed at
5% PER CENT. per annum. Depositors
may transfer at their option balances of
\$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND
SHANGHAI BANK, to be placed on
FIXED DEPOSIT at 6% PER CENT. per
annum.

For the Hongkong and Shanghai
Banking Corporation,

T. JACKSON,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, May 15, 1894.

1616

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA,
AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER 1853.

HEAD OFFICE, LONDON.

CAPITAL PAID-UP ... £800,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHARE-
HOLDERS ... £2,000,000

RESERVE FUND ... £275,000

INTEREST allowed on Current Account
at the rate of 2% per annum on the
Daily balances.

On Fixed Deposits for 12 months 6%

6% 6% 6% 6%

A. C. MARSHALL,
Manager, Hongkong.

Hongkong, May 17, 1894.

825

THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN,
AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, £2,000,000.

CAPITAL CALLED UP ... £21,093,15.0.

Bankers:

CAPITAL & COUNTRIES BANK, LIMITED.

Head Office:

3, PRINCES STREET, LONDON.

Branches:

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, HONGKONG & SHANGHAI.

Agencies:

PENANG, SINGAPORE AND YOKOHAMA.

RATES OF INTEREST.

Allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed

Deposits can be ascertained on application.

Every description of Banking and Ex-

change business transacted.

CHARTREED INGHAMBALD,
Manager.

Hongkong, November 6, 1893.

947

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF
INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, £1,500,000.

SCRIBED, £1,125,000.

Bankers:

LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LTD.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at

the Rate of 2% per Annun on the Daily

Balances.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS —

For 12 Months 5%

For 6 Months 4%

For 3 Months 3%

JOHN THORNBURN,
Manager, Hongkong.

Hongkong, February 4, 1893.

228

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.

RESERVE FUND, \$4,200,000.

RESERVE FUND, \$10,000,000.

COURT OF DIRECTORS —

G. J. HOLLOWAY, Esq., Chairman.

J. S. MOSS, Esq., Deputy Chairman.

R. M. Gray, Esq.

A. McConachie, Esq.

H. H. Hopgood, Esq.

S. C. Michaelson, Esq.

H. H. Joseph, Esq.

Hon. J. J. Kewell, Esq.

D. R. Sessom, Esq.

Julius Kramer, Esq.

General Manager.

Hongkong, T. JACKSON, Esq.

MANAGER.

Shanghai — H. M. BATH, Esq.

LONDON BANKS: LONDON AND UNION
BANKING CO., LTD.

HONGKONG — INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Account at the rate of 3%

per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

On Fixed Deposits —

For 3 months 4%

1% 5%

T. JACKSON,
Manager.

Hongkong, May 31, 1894.

950

BUSINESS NOTICES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

SUMMER

HOSIERY AND OUTFITTING.

BATHING DRAWERS.

MEN'S BATHING COSTUMES. LADIES' BATHING DRESSES.

TOWELS, BATH-BLANKETS, BATHING GOWNS.

SWIMMING BELTS.

FANCY FLANNEL SHIRTS, TENNIS SHIRTS, NEW TENNIS JERSEYS.

STRAW HATS.

NEW SCARFS, TIES AND CRAVATS.

CELLULAR SHIRTING FOR SUMMER.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

Hongkong, May 3, 1894.

780

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM
NAVIGATION COMPANY.

WILL despatch VESSELS to the Undesignated PORTS of this DATES

named —

FOR STEAMSHIP. DATE. REMARKS.

SHANGHAI ... Bombay ... 5 p.m., 8th June ... Freight or Passage.

JAPAN ... Amoy ... Daylight, 9th June ... Freight or Passage.

LONDON via MARSELLLES ... Manila ... About 12th June ... Freight or Passage.

SHANGHAI ... Rawalpindi ... About 18th June ... Freight or Passage.

LONDON, &c. ... Soho ... Noon, 21st June ... See Special Advertisement.

For further Particulars, apply to

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, H. H. JOSEPH, Superintendent.

Hongkong, June 7, 1894.

973

GENTLEMEN'S DEPARTMENT.

WE ARE NOW SHOWING

NEW LINEN COLLARS, SCARVES AND TIES.

SUMMER HOSIERY, BATHING DRAWERS and DRESSES.

SILK BELTS and SASIES.

STRAW HATS, FIFTH SUN HATS.

HONGKONG TRADING CO., J. P. COTTAM, Managing Partner.

Hongkong, May 28, 1894.

926

MOUNT AUSTIN HOTEL.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS, "KREMLIN," A. B. C. Code.

THE MOST CONSIDERABLE and BEST-APPOINTED HOTEL in the Far East; situated in

the centre of the town, opposite the General Post Office and the Hongkong Club, and adjacent to Peader's Wharf (the principal landing stage of the Colony).

The HOTEL STAFF conveys passengers and baggage to and from all Mail Steamers.

The TABLE D'HOTEL, at separate tables, is supplied with every delicacy.

The BED-ROOMS, with adjoining BATH-ROOMS, are lofty and well ventilated, open on spacious Verandas, are lighted by gas and fitted throughout with electric communication.

The READING, WRITING, and SMOKING ROOMS, LADIES' DRAWING ROOMS, the NEW BAR and PUBLIC BILLIARD ROOMS (six English and American Tables) are fitted with every convenience.

HYDRAULIC ASCENDING-ROOMS of the latest and most approved type convey

passengers and baggage from the Entrance Hall to each of the five floors above.

NIGHT PORRAS and WATCHMEN are continually on duty.

DAVID TUCKER, Manager.

Hongkong, October 21, 1892.

1842

W. POWELL & CO.

PRIVATE BOARD and BEDDING.

Also Table Accommodation.

Apply to

Mrs. GILLANDERS, 12, GLENFERNE BUILDINGS, Wyndham Street.

Hongkong, November 21, 1893.

2003

W. POWELL & CO.

Hongkong, May 29, 1894.

930

BATH BLANKETS. BATH TOWELS. BATH SPONGES.

BATH BRUSHES. BATH GOWNS.

BATHING SUITS. BATHING DRAWERS.

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THE CHINA MAIL.

On the conclusion of the plague a special Sanitary Committee will be held at the R. O. Cathedral, Hainan-wood, at 2 o'clock on Friday and Saturday this week, in the afternoon, and on Sunday both in the morning and in the afternoon.

At the Magistracy yesterday a Chinese, who had been engaged by the Sanitary Authorities for the house-cleansing work, was sent to prison for two months by Mr. Wodehouse for stealing clothing from a house in Jellicoe Street. The accused was caught by a soldier in the act of putting the clothes underneath his own.

It will be seen from a Government notification in our advertising columns that Mr. Hauser, Acting British Consul at Ningpo,通知 that the Chinese authorities at that port have imposed provisional quarantine restrictions on all vessels arriving from Hongkong, Canton or other places where infectious disease of an epidemic character prevails. All arrivals will be boarded and inspected by the Medical Officers of the port. Vessels on board which may case of infectious disease or death have occurred during the voyage will be subjected to seven days' quarantine, but if free from disease throughout the voyage, will be at once admitted to port.

At the Magistracy this morning, before Mr. H. E. Wodehouse, Mr. G. B. Dodwell charged five chair-cooled with disobeying orders on the 6th inst. Mr. Dodwell stated that the men left the employ on the 3rd instant without giving notice; on the 10th instant he managed to get them to go to his office, and they then gave various reasons for leaving. They were willing to return if they were granted increase of wages. He paid them \$7, with allowances for firewood. They had not been paid for the month of May. The men agreed to return to their work, and as Mr. Dodwell did not press the charge, Mr. Wodehouse dismissed the accused, after informing them they were liable to a fine of \$5 for disobeying orders.

Mr. Gordon Bennett has ordered Messrs. Kershaw, the well-known yacht builders, to build for him a new 90-foot yacht, to be guaranteed to beat the *Valkyrie*, and which will be specially designed to meet the *Brionnico*, the *Valkyrie*, and the *Pagan* at the Nice regatta. The new vessel will be a centre-board boat, and will be built of Tobin bronze.

The Gaulois states that the Prince of Wales in the course of his recent visit to France expressed in conversation his desire for the establishment of complete friendship between France and England on all the questions which now tend to separate the two Powers. The French, it is said, would furthermore be glad to see a community of views prevailing between France and England with regard to European policy, and his Royal Highness has contemplated the possibility of England acting as a sort of buffer State between France and Germany.

The agitation, if it can be so described, recently started against monasteries appears to have died out, though with the Italians (remarks the *Wall Mail Gazette*), as, if we may believe, the *deutsche Liberalen*, two very large battleships are about to be supplied with engines capable of indicating 25,000 horse-power. This power, it has been calculated, will give the new vessels a speed of 23 knots an hour, or about five knots more than can be reached by any battleship now afloat. The Italian battleship *Sardinia*, which is now approaching completion at Spezia, has engines which are expected to indicate 22,500 horse-power each, forced draught; but we have no battleship with engines of greater power than the *Sous D'Or*, 18,000 horse-power, though the engines of the *Blenheim*, our fastest cruiser, can develop over 21,000 horse-power. The Italians certainly appear to be desirous of keeping up the relative strength of their navy, but we may judge from the time spent in the construction of the *Southern*, which was launched in September 1890, it appears hardly likely that the projected vessels will be completed till the beginning of the twentieth century.

THE PLAGUE IN HONGKONG.
PROPOSAL TO BURN HOUSES.

At the meeting of the Sanitary Board this afternoon, Mr. J. J. Francis, Q.C., Chairman of the Permanent Committee, made a long statement bearing upon the plague. He mentioned Captain Hastings was carrying out the burials at Sandy Bay in a more satisfactory manner than was done before and at a reduced expenditure. Special arrangements had been made for the more expeditious removal of rubbish from the *Praya Whithes*; it was taken from the infected area. Small furnaces were to be tried as a better means of getting rid of the rubbish. The work in the town under Mr. May and Mr. Crook had been proceeding much more smoothly and with very great success during the last few days. A very considerable number of houses had been entirely cleared of tenants and closed up; in fact, arrangements had been made for clearing a block of 350 houses and entirely closing up a section of the town. A very urgent recommendation had been received from Mr. Crook and Dr. James that these houses should be destroyed immediately by fire; but in (Mr. Francis), individually, did not see any necessity for such immediate destruction as that. He thought the houses could be effectively cleared and the neighbourhood in which they are situated could be completely terrorised so as to bar access to the place. He did not think there was any necessity for immediate steps being taken for destruction by fire or otherwise. The Government would have to take into consideration a great many interests before making any decision, and he decided that could be done most expeditiously during the meeting of the Sanitary Committee held at the R. O. Cathedral, Hainan-wood, at 2 o'clock on Friday and Saturday this week, in the afternoon, and on Sunday both in the morning and in the afternoon.

At the Magistracy yesterday a Chinese, who had been engaged by the Sanitary Authorities for the house-cleansing work, was sent to prison for two months by Mr. Wodehouse for stealing clothing from a house in Jellicoe Street. The accused was caught by a soldier in the act of putting the clothes underneath his own.

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meeting of the Permanent Committee held immediately after the Board meeting, and probably some decision would be arrived at and some recommendation made to the Government. Mr. Francis next explained the arrangement with the Land Investment Co. for housing people taken from houses in the Taiping-hai District, and said that

Major-General Barker had sanctioned the appointment of two working parties of 50 men each from the Shropshire Regiment to look after the removals and to carefully observe the people, to allow of no cases of

spreading to enter the new houses. Application had been made to the Admiralty in Japan and to the Major-General at Singapore for medical officers. Singapore had intimated inability to assist, and no answer had yet been received from the Admiralty. Two wardmessengers had been lent by the military authorities. In his concluding remarks, Mr. Francis said it was gratifying to the Permanent Committee that their action had been practically endorsed by the Commission of medical men submitted by His Excellency the Governor.

In answer to Mr. Humphreys, Mr. Francis remarked that the Government had placed no stint on the expenditure of the Permanent Committee, but had backed them up loyally in all they had done. The proprietors of the Paper Mill at Aberdeen had made an offer of 5000 lbs. of chloride of lime to the Government Committee as a present.

The following are the statistics for the twenty-four hours to noon on Saturday:

By-Knows	7,883	11.10	110,856
1893	13,519	10,091	123,833
1894	8,218	9,673	122,942
1892	48,180	11,571	136,765
1893	17,883	11,770	131,295
Total	100,000	100,000	100,000

1894, Kelly transferred to Govt. Civil Hospital.

The decrease in the number of sheep and swine for the year 1894 is due to a short supply owing to disease in the districts from which these animals are imported.

THE SANITARY BOARD.

The usual fortnightly meeting of the Sanitary Board was held this afternoon. The Acting Colonial Secretary (Hon. J. H. Stewart Lockhart) presided. There were also present: Mr. F. H. May, Captain Superintendent of Police; Dr P. H. Ayres, Colonial Surgeon; Mr. H. P. Tooker, Acting Director of Public Works; Hon. Dr. Ho Kai; Mr. J. J. Francis, Q.C.; Mr. J. D. Humphreys; Mr. R. K. Leigh; Mr. R. A. Ram, Acting Secretary; and Dr. Lowson, Acting Superintendent, Government Civil Hospital.

APPOINTMENT OF MR. E. K. LEIGH.

The President, before proceeding with the business of the meeting, read a letter from the Acting Colonial Secretary intimating the election of Mr. R. K. Leigh to a seat on the Board during the absence of Mr. N. J. Ede, and suggesting the appointment of Mr. Leigh to the Permanent Committee having special charge of the arrangements for dealing with the plague. The President said—I am sure that all members of the Board who are well acquainted with Mr. Leigh will be glad to hear that His Excellency has appointed him to a seat at this Board, and I am sure the members will agree with me when I say that his professional knowledge and long local experience will be of great value to this Board.

Mr. Leigh acknowledged.

Subsequently, on the motion of Mr. J. J. Francis, seconded by Mr. J. D. Humphreys, Mr. Leigh was appointed a member of the Permanent Committee.

INSPECTOR GERMAN'S SALARY.

The President read a letter from the Acting Colonial Secretary, intimating that the question of an increase of salary to Inspector Germain had been postponed until the report of the Committee, at present awaiting the expenditure of the Colony.

In answer to the Colonial Surgeon and Mr. J. J. Francis, the President stated that the correspondence on the subject would be submitted to the Retrenchment Committee.

MORTALITY STATISTICS.

The Acting Secretary (Mr. E. A. Raw) reported that the death-rate for the week ended May 26 last was 74.9 per 1000 as compared with 23.6 in the corresponding week last year.

The death-rate for the week ended June 2 was 95.1 as compared with 26.4 in the corresponding week last year.

The following report for 1893 was submitted by the Colonial Veterinary Surgeon (Mr. C. Vivian Laddie):—

INSPECTION OF CATTLE.

1. During the past year no cases of infectious or contagious disease amongst cattle were brought to my notice, the health of all animals in the Colony being exceptionally good, though the quality of many of the cattle which were imported for slaughtering purposes left much to be desired.

2. In the early part of the year a difficulty arose between the Mandarins of the districts around Canton, from which many cattle are imported, and the agents and dealers who supply the Hongkong market, but upon reference to the Honourable the Resident General the matter was satisfactorily adjusted. During the second quarter of the year, the importation of cattle from the Siam district was largely interfered with by floods.

3. I regret that so far nothing has been done to provide Inspection Lairs to which all animals should be conveyed directly upon landing, there to remain at least 12 hours before being inspected and passed into the permanent depots or elsewhere.

I reported to the Board upon this matter as far back as 1888, and in my Annual Report for the year 1892, I again referred to the subject and pointed out that even where the method was adopted occasional cases of disease escaped detection, hence it will be easy to understand the risk attendant upon the present system of animal inspection in Hongkong where we have no such lairs.

CATTLE DEPOTS.

4. The health of the animals housed in the Government Cattle Depot during the year was good, but as before mentioned their quality was not up to the general standard. In the early months of 1892 animals were admitted into the depot and passed as fit to be slaughtered for human food, whilst others were rejected as unfit; the principal reason for rejection being their food.

5. Nothing has been done to establish a permanent Cattle Depot at Kowloon where cattle might be housed until arrangements had been made for slaughtering instead of being allowed to remain in the district as at present.

6. The draft bill is as follows:

An Ordinance to remove doubt as to the validity of certain Bye-laws made by the Sanitary Board and for other purposes.

Whereas pursuant to the powers conferred by section 31 of The Public Health Ordinance, 1887, a Proclamation was issued by the Officer Administering the Government bearing date the 19th day of May, 1894, and it was thereby directed that the provisions contained in sections 32 to 37 of the said Ordinance, both inclusive, should be put in force in the Colony, for a period of one month from the date of such Proclamation. And whereas certain Bye-laws were made by the Sanitary Board under the authority of sections 32 and 33 of the said Ordinance on the 11th day of May, 1894, and were on the same day approved by the Officer Administering the Government in Council and published in the Gazette.

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An Ordinance to remove doubt as to the validity of certain Bye-laws made by the Sanitary Board under the authority of sections 32 to 37 of the said Ordinance, both inclusive, should be put in force in the Colony, for a period of one month from the date of such Proclamation. And whereas certain Bye-laws were made by the Sanitary Board under the authority of sections 32 and 33 of the said Ordinance on the 11th day of May, 1894, and were on the same day approved by the Officer Administering the Government in Council and published in the Gazette.

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21. The draft bill is

THE CHINA MAIL.

FRIDAY, JUNE 10, 1894.

Intimations.

THE CHINA REVIEW.
PUBLISHED BI-MONTHLY.

This Review, which was intended to meet the wants of many students of Chinese caused by the discontinuance of "Notes and Queries on China and Japan," has reached its Twenty-first Volume. The Review discusses those topics which are uppermost in the minds of students of the "Far East" and about which every intelligent person connected with China or Japan is desirous of acquiring trustworthy information. It includes many interesting Notes and original Papers on the Arts, Sciences, Ethnology, Folklore, Geography, History, Literature, Mythology, Natural History, Antiquities, and Social Manners and Customs, etc., etc., of China, Japan, Mongolia, Tibet, and the Far East generally. Recently a new departure has been taken, and the Review now gives papers on Trade, Commerce, and Descriptive notes of Travel by well-known writers. It was thought that by extending the scope of the Review in this direction, the Magazine would be made more useful.

The Review department receives special attention, and endeavors are made to present a careful and concise record of Literature on China, etc., and to give critical embodying sketches of the Most Recent Works on such topics. Authors and Publishers are requested to forward works to "Editor, China Review," care of China Mail Office.

The Notes and Queries are still continued and form an important means of obtaining from and diffusing among students knowledge on obscure points.

The Correspondent's column also affords further and greater facilities for the interchange of views and discussion of various topics.

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